

1 TERMS OF WARRANTY

The warranty is valid 3 years starting from the manufacturing date, as evidenced on the receipt of the calibration certificate, for the period indicated on the package.
The warranty covers the free repair or substitution of equipment parts which are recognized as faulty due to manufacturing defects.
The warranty does not cover those parts which result defective due to negligent or improper use, incorrect installation or maintenance, operation by unauthorized personnel, damage during transportation, or which in any case do not indicate manufacturing defects of the equipment. Also excluded from the warranty are technical interventions regarding the installation of the equipment.
The manufacturer declines any responsibility for eventual injury or damage to persons, animals or things as result of failure to follow the instructions in the Instructions Manual or caused by improper use of the equipment.
The warranty covers equipment returned ex works. The expenses of transport as well as the relative risks of same, both to and from the place of repair, will be the sole responsibility of the User.
This warranty expires after the date of purchase and any assistance required after said date including spare parts, labor, transport of personnel and materials will be charged to the User basated on the tariffs in force for Technical Assistance Service at the time of such requested service.
In any case the substitution of the equipment as well as the extension of the warranty after such breakdown is excluded.



The packaging of each instrument bears a "CE" mark of conformity.

2 SAFETY

This instrument was manufactured and tested in compliance with class 2 IEC EN61010 and VDE 411 standards, in accordance with group C VDE 0110 standards for operating voltages up to 500 VACrms. Quality and accuracy are guaranteed by an ISO9000 certified production structure which utilizes the latest surface mounting techniques, therefore the instrument left the factory in perfect condition regarding technical safety.
In order to maintain this condition and to ensure safe operation, the user must comply with the indications and markings contained in the following instructions:
When the instrument is received, before beginning installation, check that it is still intact and no damage was incurred during transport.
Before mounting, ensure that the operating voltage and mains voltage set are the same, and then proceed with installation.
The instrument unit is double insulated and does not require an earth connection. The power supply must be connected to phase and neutral as shown in the relevant diagram.
A 50 mA T type HBC fuse should be installed in the power supply circuit to the instrument.
The power supply must be connected before the measurement circuit.
Before any maintenance and/or repairs, whenever the instrument must be opened, it must be disconnected from all power sources.
The instrument's capacitors may still be charged even after it has been disconnected from all power sources.
Maintenance and/or repairs must be carried out only by qualified, authorized personnel.
If there is ever the suspicion that safe use is no longer possible, the instrument must be taken out of service and precautions taken against accidental use.

- Operation is no longer safe when:
- There is clearly visible damage.
 - The instrument no longer functions.
 - After lengthy storage in unfavorable conditions.
 - After serious damage incurred during transport.

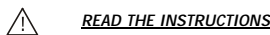
2.1 OPERATOR SAFETY

Read these pages carefully before installing and utilising the instrument

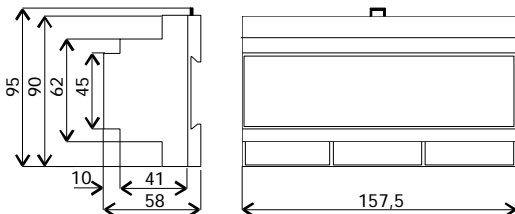
The instrument described in this user manual is intended for use by properly trained staff only. Maintenance and/or repairs must be carried out only by authorized personnel.

For proper, safe use of the instrument and for maintenance and/or repair, it is essential that the persons instructed to carry out these procedures follow normal safety precautions.

2.2 SYMBOLS



2.3 DIMENSIONS AND TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS



- **Inputs:** Voltage: 500V 20 to 800 Hz
Current: 5 A 20 to 800 Hz
- **Power Supply:** 200±240 VAC ± 10% 50/60 Hz
100±120 VAC ± 10% 50/60 Hz (on request)
- **Temperature Range:** -10°C to +60°C
- **Storage Temperature:** -25°C to +80°C

3 POWER SUPPLY

The instrument must have a power supply with voltage ranging from 200 ± 240 VAC 50/60 Hz (100 ± 120 VAC 50/60 Hz is also available on request) using max. cable gauge 4 mm² and attached to the power supply terminals (see Fig.1).
The instrument's power supply does not need an earth connection.
The instrument requires the installation of an external 50 mA type HBC fuse in the power supply circuit.

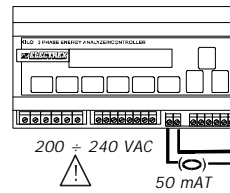


Fig. 1

3.1 VOLTAGE MEASUREMENT CONNECTIONS

For the voltage measurement connection use wires with max gauge 4mm². Insert the wires in the screw terminals for the voltage measurement connection.

3.1.1 3 wires delta connection (?)

The diagram in Fig.2 indicate how to connect the terminals to the phases on unbalanced three-phase systems without neutral (DELTA).

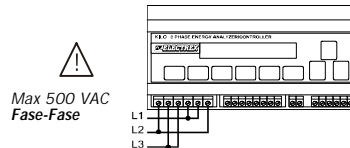


Fig. 2

3.1.2 4 wires STAR CONNECTION (Y)

The diagrams in Fig. 3 indicate how to connect the terminals to the phases on unbalanced three-phase systems with neutral (STAR).

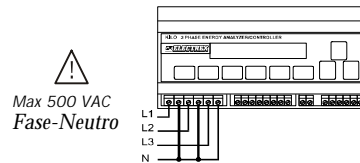


Fig. 3

The detailed wiring diagrams to the network are given in chapter 3.

3.2 CURRENT MEASUREMENT CONNECTIONS

The instrument is equipped with three wire passages through which the current wires must be passed without having to interrupt them. Insert the wires as indicated in Fig. 4 (instructions as to how to insert the current wire are also found on the instrument's label in correspondence with the wire passages). The P1 and P2 indications identify the correct direction of the current.
Wires with max. 7 mm external diameter are permitted.

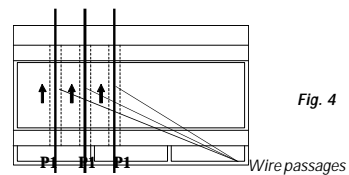


Fig. 4

Advanced Function: If the instrument has been programmed for Cogeneration functioning, it is absolutely essential that the sense (orientation) of the current direction be observed.

4 WIRING DIAGRAMS

4.1 CONNECTION ON UNBALANCED THREE-PHASE 3 WIRE DELTA NETWORKS (?)

Voltage Signal Connection

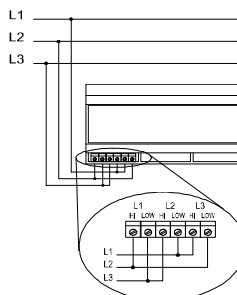


Fig. 5

Current Signal Connection

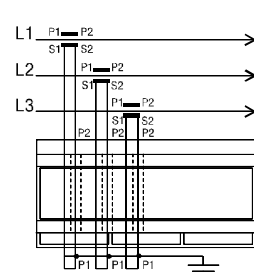


Fig. 6

The drawing in Fig. 6 indicates how to make the current connections with 3 CTs. The Fig. 7-1 and 7-2 indicate how to connect current signal using 2 CTs (Phase L1 and L2 or Phase L1 and L3).

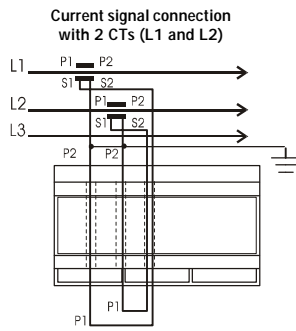


Fig. 7-1

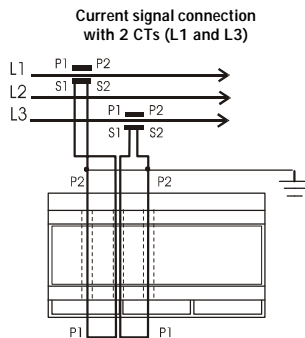


Fig. 7-2

CAUTION: In case of connection of 2 CTs it is absolutely essential to respect the sense (orientation) of the CTs current output as indicated in the drawings (Fig. 7-1 and 7-2).
Advanced Functions: If the instrument has been programmed for Cogeneration mode, connection of the CTs must be carried out as indicated in the drawings in Fig. 10-1 and Fig. 10-2 located on the next page.

Connection of 2 CTs in Cogeneration mode

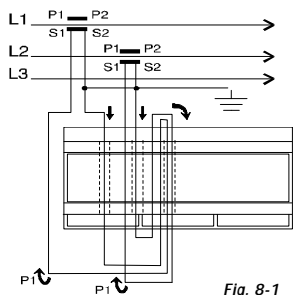


Fig. 8-1

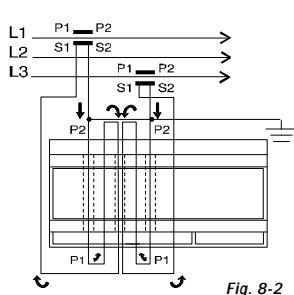


Fig. 8-2

4.2 CONNECTION ON UNBALANCED THREE-PHASE 4 WIRE NETWORKS

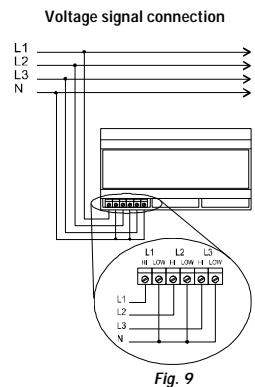


Fig. 9

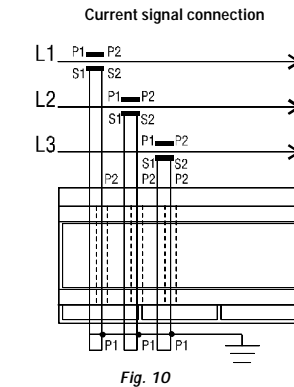


Fig. 10

The drawing in Fig. 10 indicates how to make the current connections with 3 CTs.

4.2.1 HIGH VOLTAGE THREE PHASE WIRES DELTA NETWORK WITH CT's AND VT's

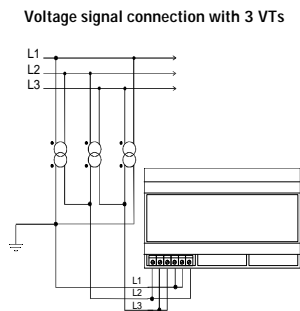


Fig. 11

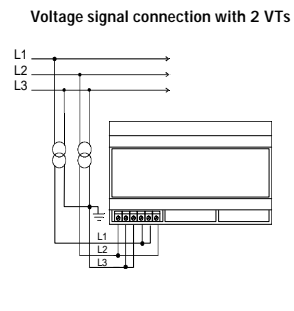


Fig. 12

Voltage signal connection with 2 VTs

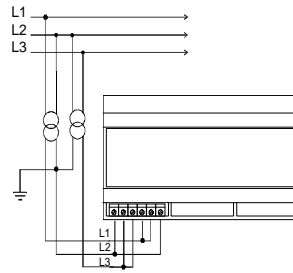


Fig. 13

WARNING: In Fig. 12 and 13 any one of the delta vertices may be earthed. For the connection of CTs in medium or high voltage networks, follow the same procedure described for low voltage connections.

4.3 CONNECTION OF THE AUXILIARY METERS

The instrument has two digital inputs to which two external meters can be connected (for example, a water meter and a gas meter). The digital inputs are optoisolated and internally power supplied (12 ÷ 18 VDC 1,3 KOhm) and can count pulses with a maximum frequency of 100 Hz. The connection must be carried out using cables with max. gauge 4 mm² to be inserted in the terminals indicated below in Fig. 14.

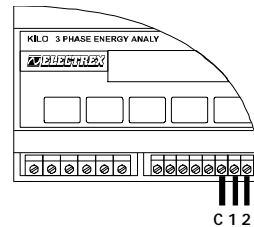
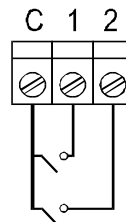


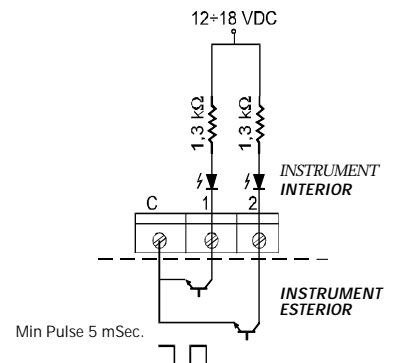
Fig. 14

C = Common
1 = Meter 1
2 = Meter 2

Connection to voltage-free contacts



Connection to open-collector transistor



4.4 ALARMS CONNECTION

There are two alarms which drive two relays, the terminals are internally connected to normally open voltage free contacts of an opto-mos (solid state relay) rating 250 VDC, 100mA. Use cables with max. gauge 4 mm² for the terminal connections (see Fig. 15).

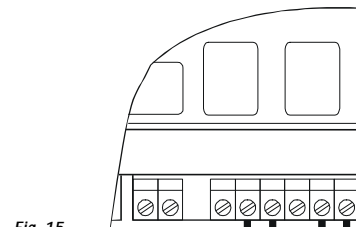


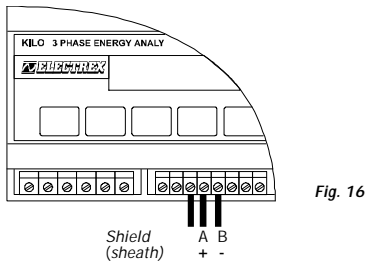
Fig. 15

C = Common
NO = Normally Open

RELAY 1 RELAY 2
C NO C NO

5 RS485 CONNECTION

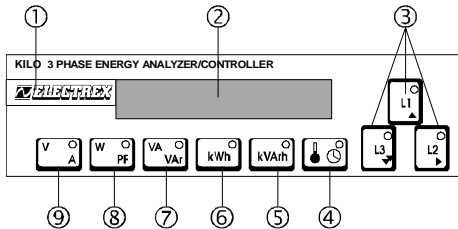
The instrument has three terminals for connection to the RS485 port. The connection must be carried out using a twisted pair inserted in the appropriate screw terminals (see Fig. 16). The terminals marked "A" and "B" indicate the polarity of the contacts. There is also a terminal identified by the symbol ∇ for connecting the shield (sheath) of the twisted pair to be used for network installation in high interference environments or in the presence of strong currents. The polarity of the contacts must be observed when the connection is made (see also the indications on the label).



It is recommended to use a twisted pair cable with minimum section of 0,36 mm² (22 AWG) characteristic impedance 120Ω and with capacity lower than 60 pF/m.

6 KEYBOARD DESCRIPTION

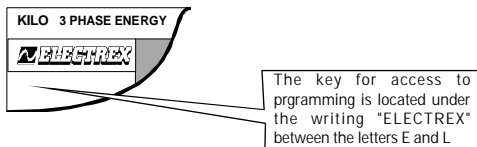
Instrument programming can be carried out on the keyboard located on the instrument's front panel. The keys for displaying the measurements, consumptions, temperature and the clock/calendar each have a green LED which lights up when that function is utilised. The L1, L2 and L3 keys each have a red LED which lights up when that function (display of the phase measurements) is utilised.



- Key for access to programming and reset
- High luminosity display (adjustable)
- Key for phase selection (cursor keys during programming)
- Key for displaying the calendar/clock and the temperature
- Key for displaying the consumption of Three-phase Reactive Energy (kVAh) and of the auxiliary contacts
- Key for displaying the consumption of Three-phase Active Energy (kWh)
- Key for displaying Three-phase instantaneous, average and peak Apparent Power (VA) measurements and the three-phase instantaneous Reactive Power (Var)
- Key for displaying three-phase instantaneous, average and peak Active Power (W) measurement and Power Factor (Cos f)
- Key for Voltage and Current display

6.1 MEASUREMENT RELATED FUNCTION PROGRAMMING

The writing "ELECTREX" appears when the instrument is powered. After a few seconds the voltage and current measurements will be displayed (the LED on the key is lighted). To enter into programming mode, press simultaneously the programming access key (see Fig.18) and the key.



- The default settings provide:
- Low voltage measurement
 - 4-wire connection (STAR)
 - CT ratio = 1
 - Integration time = 15 minutes

6.1.1 measurement functions SELECTION

The instrument can carry out measurements on both low and high voltage. The display will show the first selection (direct measurements in low voltage):



By pressing the key the second selection will be displayed (measurements in high voltage with VTs):



Press the key on the page selected and proceed to program the other functions.

6.1.2 VT TRANSFORMATION RATIO MEASUREMENTS HIGH VOLTAGE SELECTION

Select "VOLT HIGH" to access the programming page which enables the setting of the transformation ratio of the VT utilised. The display will show:



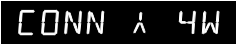
The key increases the digit to be set (flashing).

The key decreases the digit to be set (flashing).

The key enables moving from one digit to another (from the more significant digit to the less significant digit). Once the last digit is set, this key enables programming of the transformation ratio of the VT and access to the next programming page.

6.1.3 CONNECTION TYPE SELECTION (STAR OR DELTA)

Selecting "VOLT LOW" on the first programming page or after setting the VT ratio, (having selected "VOLT HIGH" on the first measurement page) select the type of connection. The instrument can be connected to 4-wire networks (CONN 4W) or three wire networks (CONN 3W). The display will show:



By pressing the key the second selection will be displayed:



Press the key on the page which contains the connection wanted and proceed to the programming of the other functions.

6.1.4 CT TRANSFORMATION RATIO SELECTION

After selecting the type of connection (star or delta) the CT transformation programming page appears. The display will show:



The key increases the digit to be set (flashing).

The key decreases the digit to be set (flashing).

The key enables moving from one digit to another (from the more significant digit to the less significant digit). Once the last digit is set, this key enables programming of the CT transformation ratio and access to the next programming page.

6.1.5 AVERAGE POWERS INTEGRATION TIME SELECTION

The last programming page enables the setting of the integration time (in minutes) on which the averages of Active Power and Apparent Power will be calculated. The display will show:



The key increases the digit to be set (flashing).

The key decreases the digit to be set (flashing).

The key enables moving from one digit to another (from the more significant digit to the less significant digit).

